

SEWER USE ORDINANCE

SECTION 3: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Discharge of Wastewater Prohibited. It shall be unlawful to discharge, within the Village of New Auburn, or in any area under the jurisdiction of said Village, any wastewater or other polluted waters, except where suitable treatment has been provided in accordance with subsequent provisions of the Ordinance.
- B. Privies, Septic Tank and Cesspools - Compliance with Provisions Required. Except as provided in this Section, it shall be unlawful to construct or maintain any privy, privy vault, septic tank, holding tank, cesspool or other facility intended or used for the disposal of wastewater.
- C. Connection with Public Sewer Required. The owner of any house, building or structure used for human occupancy, employment, recreation or other purposes, situated within the Village of New Auburn and abutting on any street, alley or right-of-way in which there is now located or may in the future be located a properly designed and constructed public sanitary sewer of said Village, is hereby required, at the owner's expense, to install suitable toilet facilities which have been properly designed, pursuant to all applicable rules as published in the "Wisconsin Administrative Code", therein, and to connect such facilities directly with the proper public sanitary sewer, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, within ninety (90) days after date of "Official Notice" to do so; provided that said public sewer is within one hundred feet of the property line. Where a public sanitary sewer is not available under the provisions of this section, the owner must obtain an exemption from the Village Board, then the building sewer shall be connected to a private wastewater disposal system complying with the provisions of this Ordinance and all applicable State Codes and applicable County Regulations.
- D. Compliance with County Regulations required (County shall mean either Chippewa or Barron County dependent on property location). Before commencement of construction of a private wastewater disposal system the owner shall first obtain a written permit signed by the County Zoning Administrator and comply with the then-applicable County sanitary laws. The Village expressly consents to the enforcement of such laws by the County Zoning Administrator, and other County Officials within the Village. Violations of this section may also be prosecuted by the Village.
- E. Inspection of Installation. A permit for a private wastewater disposal system shall not become effective until the installation is completed to the satisfaction of the Approving Authority. The Approving Authority shall be allowed to inspect the work at any stage of construction and, in any event, the applicant for the permit shall notify the Approving Authority when the work is ready for final inspection, and before any underground portions are covered. The inspection shall be made within forty-eight (48) hours of the receipt of notice by the Approving Authority.

- F. Compliance with Department of Commerce Regulations (Wis. Adm. Code): All private wastewater collection and treatment/disposal systems shall comply with applicable sections of the Wisconsin Administrative Code; namely Comm. 82 thru 87 PLUMBING.
- G. Connections with Public Sewer Required When. At such times as a public sewer becomes available to a property served by a private wastewater disposal system, as provided in Item F above, a direct connection shall be made to the public sewer within ninety (90) days, in compliance with this Ordinance, and any septic tanks, cesspools and similar private wastewater disposal facilities shall be cleaned of sludge and filled with suitable material or physically removed from property within 30 days of connection to the sanitary sewer.
- H. Sanitary Operation Required. The owner shall operate and maintain his or her private wastewater disposal facility in a sanitary manner at all times, at no expense to the Village.
- I. Conflict of Provisions. No statement contained in this section shall be construed to interfere with any additional requirements that may be imposed by the Health Office or agent thereof.
- J. A Wastewater Discharge Permit shall be required of any person desiring to discharge wastewater to the wastewater treatment facility and shall be one of two classes.
1. A domestic wastewater discharge permit or request for sanitary sewer service shall be required of any person desiring to discharge domestic waste into the municipal system and shall be considered as part of the “building permit” required and issued by the Village of New Auburn for new construction.
 2. An industrial wastewater discharge permit shall be required of any person desiring to discharge any industrial waste and shall be completely separate from any other permits issued by the Village. Further requirements for this class of permit can be found in Section 8 of this Ordinance.
- K. Owner Responsibility and Compliance with Village Regulations. All costs and expenses incidental to the installation and connection of the building sewer to the municipal sanitary sewer collection system shall be borne by the owner. The size, slope, alignment and materials of construction of a building sewer, and the methods to be used in excavating, placing of the pipe, jointing, testing and backfilling the trench, shall all conform to the requirements of the State Building and Plumbing Code, and other applicable rules and regulations of the Village.
- L. Inspection and Sampling. The Village shall be permitted to have an Authorized Representative inspect any new or old installation for compliance with the regulations of this Ordinance. The user shall allow the Village or an Authorized Representative to enter upon the premises of the user at a reasonable time, for the purpose of inspection, sampling or records examination of the sanitary sewer facility and/or sanitary

plumbing/connection. The Village shall have the right to set upon said property such devices as necessary to collect samples, monitor, test or meter the installation.

- M. New Connections. New connections to the system shall not be allowed unless all downstream components have a reserve capacity capable of accepting the proposed additional wastewater.
- N. Manhole. The Village reserves the right to require any user of the system to install and maintain at the user's expense, a control or monitoring manhole on the user's discharge pipeline. The user shall provide the Village free and unobstructed access to the installed manhole.
- O. Monitoring Station. Any industrial or commercial user, directed by the Village or its Authorized Representative for reasonable cause, shall install and maintain at the user's expense a monitoring station. The station shall include 24-hour composite samplers, continuous flow meters, flow recorders and other necessary equipment to accurately measure and sample the wastewater being discharged. Where conditions do not permit monitoring of all discharges from a user at a single station, multiple monitoring stations shall be installed. The station shall be situated on the user's premises. The user shall allow the Village access to the station at all reasonable hours.

SECTION 4. PROHIBITED DISCHARGES

- A. No person or persons shall discharge or cause to be discharged, any unpolluted water, such as storm water, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage or cooling water to any sanitary sewer; except that storm water runoff from limited areas, which may be polluted at times, may be discharged to the sanitary sewer by permission of the Approving Authority. Unpolluted industrial cooling water or process waters may be discharged, only with the approval of the Approving Authority, DNR, Department of Commerce, or other regulatory agency as required by law, to a storm sewer or natural outlet.
- B. Except as provided in this Ordinance, no person or persons shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters, wastes, compounds or material to any public sewer:
 - 1. Explosive Mixtures: Gasoline, kerosene, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, alcohols, ketones, aldehydes, ethers, xylene, toluene, peroxides, chlorates, perchlorates, bromates, carbides, hydrides, sulfides or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid or gas;
 - 2. Toxic Substances: Water or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by intersection with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any waste treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, or create a public nuisance in the receiving waters of the wastewater treatment plant;

3. Corrosive Wastes: Water or wastes having a pH lower than 6.0 or higher than 9.0, or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to piping, structures, equipment and personnel of the wastewater treatment works;
4. Solid or Viscous Wastes: Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size as to be capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers, or other interference with the proper operation of the wastewater facilities such as, but not limited to, ashes, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, entrails, whole blood, paunch manure, hair, fleshings, paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders.
5. Noxious Material. Noxious or malodorous solids, liquids or gases which either singly or by interaction with other wastes, are capable of creating a public nuisance or hazard to life, or will prevent the entry into the sanitary sewer collection system for maintenance purposes.
6. Radioactive Wastes. Radioactive waste or isotopes of such half-life or concentration that they are in noncompliance with regulations issued by the appropriate authority having control over their use and which will or may cause damage or hazards to the waste treatment facilities or personnel operating the system.
7. Accidental Discharge: Each user shall provide protection from accidental discharge of prohibited or regulated materials or substances established by this Ordinance. Users shall notify the Village immediately upon occurrence of a “slug” or accidental discharge of substances prohibited by this Ordinance and shall submit within 48 hours a written report of the incident. The report shall include location of discharge, date and time thereof, type of waste, concentration and volume, and corrective actions. Any user who discharges a slug of prohibited materials shall be liable for any expense, loss or damage caused by the discharge, in addition to the amount of fines imposed by the Village. Signs shall be permanently posted in conspicuous places on user’s premises, advising employees whom to call in the event of a slug or accidental discharge. Users shall instruct all employees who may cause or discover such a discharge, with respect to wastewater emergency notification procedure.

SECTION 5. LIMITED AND RESTRICTED DISCHARGES. The following described substances, materials, water or wastes shall be limited to discharges to municipal systems, to concentrations or quantities which will not harm the municipal sewers, wastewater treatment process equipment, will not have an adverse effect on the receiving waters, or will not otherwise endanger life, limb or public property, or constitute a nuisance. The Approving Authority may set limitations lower than the limitations established in the regulations below, if such limitations are necessary to meet the above objectives. In forming an opinion as to acceptability, the Approving Authority will give consideration to such factors as the quantity of subject waste in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sewers, the wastewater treatment process employed, capacity of the Wastewater Treatment Facility, and other pertinent factors. The limitations or restrictions on materials or characteristics of waste or

wastewaters discharged to the sanitary sewer, which shall not be violated without approval of the Approving Authority, are as follows:

- A. Temperature Limit: Wastewater having a temperature higher than (150°F) one hundred-fifty degrees Fahrenheit (sixty-five degrees Celsius);
- B. Oil Content: Wastewater containing more than twenty-five milligrams per liter (25 mg/l) of petroleum oil, non-biodegradable cutting oils, or products of mineral oil margin;
- C. Grease Limit: Wastewater containing fats, wax, oils and grease, whether emulsified or not, shall not exceed a concentration of one hundred milligrams per liter. This concentration limit shall be lowered if it is found that the substances are solidifying or becoming viscous and creating obstructions in the sewerage system.
- D. Garbage Restriction: Garbage that has not been properly shredded. Garbage grinders may be connected to sanitary sewers from homes, hotels, institutions, restaurants, hospitals, catering establishments or similar places where the garbage originates from the preparation of food in kitchens for the purpose of consumption on the premises, or when served by caterers;
- E. Metals Restrictions: Water or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc and similar objectionable or toxic substances to such a degree that any such material received in the composite wastewater at the wastewater treatment works exceeds the limits established by the Approving Authority in compliance with the WPDES Permit and applicable State regulations;
- F. Odor Limit: Water or wastes containing odor-producing substances exceeding limits which may be established by the Approving Authority in compliance with State regulations and to those levels which do not create a nuisance;
- G. Slugs: Quantities of flow, concentrations, or both, which constitute a “slug”, as defined in Section 2.
- H. Incompatible Wastes: Water or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the wastewater treatment processes employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such a degree that the wastewater treatment plant effluent cannot meet the requirements of the Village’s WPDES Permit;
- I. Interactive Wastes: Water or wastes which, by interaction with other water or wastes in the public sewer system, release obnoxious gases, from suspended solids which interfere with the collection system, or create a condition deleterious to structures and treatment processes;
- J. Materials which exert or cause unusual excessive conditions:

1. Unusual BOD, Chemical Oxygen Demand or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the wastewater treatment plant,
2. Unusual concentrations of inert suspended solids, such as fuller's earth, lime slurries and lime residues, or of dissolved solids, such as sodium sulfate,
3. Excessive discoloration, such as dye wastes, inks and/or vegetable tanning